## STANDARD AE VERSUS AAVE

African American Vernacular English (AAVE) presents alternative forms in the complete grammatical system of American Standard English. A piece of evidence would be the different uses of the pronouns, articles, prepositions, and so on. Besides, the loss of final consonants has great consequences in grammar, as a great number of affixes disappear, e.g. in verbal tenses, possessives and plurals. In this sense, AAVE is a nonredundant variety that develops the Standard English simplifying trend along history. Throughout those variations, this ethnic group states its identity. Here you have some examples of standard American English vs. African American Vernacular English. Describe the main difference for each case:

Standard AE	AAVE	Relevant Difference
1. Nice [nays]	[na:s]	
2. tin, ten		
[tɪn], [tɛn]	$[t\iota \downarrow n], [t\epsilon \downarrow n]$	
3. death [ $d\epsilon\theta$ ]	[dɛf]	
4. door [dor]	[†cb]	
5. He lost a friend.		
[hi (lost) ^ frend]	[hi los ^ frɪ\n]	
6. Hit him <b>in</b> the head!	Hit him upside	
	the head!	
7. He <u>does</u> n't know	He do <u>n't</u> know	
anything.	nothing.	
8. He walk(ed) home.	He walk home.	
9. I'm (going to) take	I'm take a walk.	
a walk.		
10. You('re) in a lot of	You in a lot of	

trouble.



trouble.

